IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-21 (Previously cancelled)

Claim 22 (Cancelled)

23. (Twice amended) The method of claim 22, claim 29, further comprising performing a

discectomy through the access portal before fusing the adjacent vertebrae.

24. (Curently amended) The method of claim 22, claim 29, further comprising securing

fixation instrumentation to the adjacent vertebrae.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the fixation instrumentation

is secured to the pedicles of the adjacent vertebrae.

26. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22, claim 29, further comprising:

sequentially dilating skin and tissue to provide a second access portal to a disc space

between the adjacent vertebrae; and

visualizing the disc space through the second access portal.

27. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22, claim 29, wherein the material includes

bone graft material.

28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, further comprising:

sequentially dilating skin and tissue to provide a second access portal to a disc space

between the adjacent vertebrae; and

visualizing the delivery of bone graft material to the disc space through the access portal

with a viewing instrument in the second access portal.

29. (Currently amended) A minimally invasive surgical method for fixing adjacent

vertebrae, comprising:

sequentially dilating tissue with a number of dilators, of which an outer dilator provides

an access portal to a disc space between the adjacent vertebrae; and

fusing the adjacent vertebrae with material introduced through the sequentially dilated

portal, The method of claim 22, wherein sequentially dilating the skin and tissue includes placing

at least three dilator tubes of increasing inner bore diameter one over the other and withdrawing

the inner dilator tubes to provide the access portal to the disc space through the last inserted

dilator tube.

30. (Previously presented) A minimally invasive surgical system for fusing adjacent

vertebrae, comprising:

at least three tissue dilators each including a bore therethrough, said bores being of

increasing diameter wherein said at least three tissue dilators are positionable one over the other

to sequentially dilate tissue to provide access through tissue to at least one of the adjacent

vertebrae;

Final Office Action Response Ser. No. 09/519,295 at least one bone screw engageable to each of the adjacent vertebrae; and

an elongated fixation element extendable between the adjacent vertebrae when implanted

and engageable to each bone screw engaged to the adjacent vertebrae.

31. (Previously presented) The system of claim 30, further comprising a guide wire for

guiding placement of the at least three tissue dilators.

32. (Previously presented) The system of claim 30, further comprising bone graft

material positionable in a spinal disc space between the adjacent vertebrae.

33. (Previously presented) The system of claim 30, wherein the elongated fixation

element is a plate.

34. (Previously presented) A three component dilator system for use in implantation of a

bone screw into a vertebra, comprising:

a first tubular dilator having a tapered end, a first length and a first diameter;

a second tubular dilator having a tapered end, a second length and a second diameter;

a third tubular dilator having a tapered end, a third length and a third diameter;

a bone screw, wherein said first diameter is sized to receive said bone screw

therethrough; and

wherein said first length is shorter than said second length which is shorter than said third

length.

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35. (Previously presented) The three component dilator system of claim 34, wherein:

said second tubular dilator has a second end opposite said tapered end, said second dilator

having a knurled outer surface adjacent said second end; and

said third tubular dilator has a second end opposite said tapered end, said third dilator

having a knurled outer surface adjacent said second end.

36. (Previously presented) The system of claim 34, wherein said first diameter is at least

5.5 millimeters.

37. (Previously presented) A minimally invasive surgical method for fixing adjacent

vertebrae, comprising:

sequentially dilating skin and tissue to provide an access portal to a disc space between

the adjacent vertebrae; and

fusing the adjacent vertebrae with material introduced through the sequentially dilated

portal; and

securing fixation instrumentation to pedicles of the adjacent vertebrae.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, further comprising performing a

discectomy through the access portal before fusing the adjacent vertebrae.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, further comprising:

Final Office Action Response Ser. No. 09/519,295 sequentially dilating skin and tissue to provide a second access portal to a disc space

between the adjacent vertebrae; and

visualizing the disc space through the second access portal.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the material includes bone

graft material.

41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 40, further comprising:

sequentially dilating skin and tissue to provide a second access portal to a disc space

between the adjacent vertebrae; and

visualizing the delivery of bone graft material to the disc space through the access portal

with a viewing instrument in the second access portal.

42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 37, wherein sequentially dilating the

skin and tissue includes placing at least three dilator tubes of increasing inner bore diameter one

over the other and withdrawing the inner dilator tubes to provide the access portal to the disc

space through the last inserted dilator tube.

43. (Previously presented) A minimally invasive surgical system for fusing adjacent

vertebrae, comprising:

at least three tissue dilators each including a bore therethrough, said bores being of

increasing diameter wherein said at least three tissue dilators are positionable one over the other

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to sequentially dilate tissue and provide an access portal through tissue to a disc space between

adjacent vertebrae; and

. . . .

bone graft material deliverable through the access portal to the disc space between the

adjacent vertebrae.

44. (Previously presented) The system of claim 43, further comprising:

at least one bone screw engageable to each of the adjacent vertebrae; and

an elongated fixation element extendable between the adjacent vertebrae when implanted

and engageable to each bone screw engaged to the adjacent vertebrae.

45. (Previously presented) The system of claim 44, wherein the elongated fixation

element is a plate.

46. (Previously presented) The system of claim 43, further comprising a guide wire for

guiding placement of the at least three tissue dilators.

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